Annotation syllabus of discipline **PHARMACOLOGY**

graduate qualification Specialist

Field of training 31.05.01 «General medicine»

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Pharmacology

Training cycle / training unit	Basic part, block I
	Lectures - 48
Course workload	Practicals - 42
Course workload	Seminars -
	Laboratory-based practicals -
	Clinical practicals -
	Self-studies - 108
	Examination - 36
	Total course workload 252 (hours) / 7 (credits)
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Year of training, term	3, 4 years / 6, 7 terms
Location of the course	Previous disciplines:
within the educational	Human physiology and anatomy, Pathological anatomy, Pathological
program (EP)	physiology, Biochemistry, General surgery, Microbiology and
(previous discipline	immunology
the following	
disciplines)	CDC 0
Codes of developed	GPC-8
competences	
D C.1	readiness for medical use of drugs and other substances and their
Purpose of the course	combinations in solving professional tasks
Objectives of the	Forming of necessary minimum of theoretical knowledge related to
course	major pharmacologic questions, problems and concepts, that will lead
	to world outlook formation and will help students in their deeper
	understanding of professional knowledge. The purpose of analysis of
	pharmacology is the acquisition by each student of a profound
	knowledge on pharmacology, to orient of the effects of drugs on the
	function of living systems; skills to use the obtained knowledge at the
Name of the course	
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Name of the course section (modules)	subsequent analysis of other fundamental and clinical disciplines, and also future practical activity of the doctor The Section I. The General pharmacology. The Section II. The Private (systems) pharmacology. Vegetotropic drugs (autonomic pharmacology). Pharmacological control to allergies and inflammations. Pharmacology of central nervous system (CNS) drugs. Drugs used in heart failure. Antiarrhythmic drugs. Antianginal drugs. Antihypertensive drugs. Atherosclerosis and lipoprotein metabolism. Drugs used in disorders of coagulation. Agents used in anemias. Pharmacology of respiratory

system disorders. Drugs used in the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases. Pharmacology of hormones. Agents that affect bone mineral homeostasis. Chemotherapeutic drugs. Antiparasitic chemotherapy. Cancer chemotherapy. Immunopharmacology. Pharmacology of vaccines, immune globulins and other complex biologic products. Pharmacology of botanicals (herbal medications) and nutritional supplements.